

How to Hatch Worm Cocoons

Thanks for your kind purchase of the Cocoon Rich Casting. This batch is freshly prepared just for this order and for you to get the highest yield possible. Please take your time to read and understand the following procedures to secure your ultimate success in worm rearing.

Materials needed: One 10-gallon sized plastic storage bin, a electric drill and a ¼-inch drill bit.

Prepare the bin by drilling 6-10 holes just below the rims of the bin. If you are sure the bin will not get any rain water, you can **optionally** drill another 6-10 holes on the lid. If this bin is going to be exposed to the weather, please do not drill any holes on the lid.

There is no need for drainage holes if you feed paper and cardboard to the bin regularly.

Once the bin is done processing, simply empty the casting out into the and even it out. Water 1 quart to re-hydrate the casting. Close the lid and wait.

Minimal feeding for the first 2 months as there are still much paper scraps still present in the casting. Check often to see how your worms are eating their food. Keep the temperature between 65-80F if possible and the worms will emerge from the cocoons in about 3-4 weeks. Higher temperature on the range will induce faster development into hatching. Baby worms are super fragile and should not be disturbed if possible. Juvenile worms will be more visible after another month. From hatching to fully mature, it will take another 3 months. Then the cycle begins once again.

After 2 months, feed slowly first with a handful of kitchen scrap such as lettuce leaves, green bean trimmings, etc. No more feeding until the last feed is completely gone. This should produce 1-2 pounds or even up to 4 pounds of worms in 3 months.

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